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A CLIENT/SERVER BASED APPLICATION USING A C/JAVA INTERFACE

Marlin L. Gendron, Stephanie S. Edwards, Stephanie A. Myrick, Maura C. Lohrenz, and Michael E. Trenchard¹

Abstract. Since 1995, the Naval Research Laboratory (NRL) at the Stennis Space Center (NRLSSC) has been developing and enhancing a software application that allows naval AV-8B and F/A-18 aircraft mission planners and aircrew to design and build digital aeronautical chart coverages for cockpit moving-map displays. The application, known as the Moving-Map Composer (MMC), currently is implemented in the X-Windows graphical user interface (GUI) language and the C programming language.

Currently, MMC is only supported on Compaq Alpha computers running the OpenVMS operating system. This limitation requires end users to acquire Alpha stations, which are more expensive than standard Intel-based PC platforms. This paper will discuss reengineering methods being developed by NRLSSC to transform the existing MMC application to a Java and C-based program that will execute on many different

hardware platforms and operating systems, including Linux, Windows NT and OpenVMS.

As part of this redesign, the new MMC will have the added capability to not only execute locally, but also reside on a centralized server. This Internet-based design will make MMC more accessible to a substantially greater number of users. To accomplish this, the new software architecture will be client/server based, with the server end implemented in Java. Existing C code will be linked into the Java server as a C library to maintain all current low-level MMC functionalities. Methods to easily extract C routines from the existing MMC software with minimal changes will be addressed, as well as portability issues such as file and path naming conventions, system specific calls, logicals, and compiler directives.

The client side of the new architecture can be implemented either as a Java GUI application, browser applet, or command line program that will run remotely on any desired workstation. The development of the client application will be discussed. A text-based query language will be developed to handle the communication between the server and client. This paper will provide a description of this query language.

1. Introduction. This paper will discuss methods used by the Naval Research Laboratory (NRL) at the Stennis Space Center (NRLSSC) to transform an existing software program known as the Moving-Map Composer (MMC) from a standalone, operating system dependent application to a web-based client/server application. Also discussed are software changes that allow the program to run on any Internet capable computer or as a standalone application on Unix, Microsoft Windows, or OpenVMS architectures. Examples of these software changes will be given with the goal of keeping modifications to a minimum and avoiding major rewrites that might introduce new software "bugs".

Currently, MMC will only work on an Alpha computer running the OpenVMS operating system. Alpha computers tend to be more expensive than standard Intel-based PCs and most users are unfamiliar with the OpenVMS operating system. While some users of MMC might prefer to use Linux, others may prefer to deal with Microsoft Windows. In general, the task of reengineering software to run on many different operating systems can be daunting. Discussed here is one solution to this dilemma.

There exist several limitations within the MMC software that prohibit porting. All low-level functionality of MMC is written in the C programming language and resides in a static C library. This library is used by a graphical user interface (GUI) implemented in the X-Windows language, which will work on computers running Unix-based and OpenVMS operating systems. X-Windows will not run on Microsoft Windows machines. The low-level C code within the library contains operating system calls and file naming conventions specific to the OpenVMS operating system. Although the X-Windows GUI language will run under a Unix-based operating system, like Linux, it will not work under the Microsoft Windows operating system.

NRLSSC's solution to the problem is to replace the existing X-Windows GUI with one written in Java to serve as the client side of a client/server architecture. The low-level C library is linked into a Java "server" with only minor changes. This allows MMC to run on many different hardware platforms and operating systems, including Linux, Windows NT and OpenVMS.

2. Background. In the early 90's, NRLSSC was tasked with building digital map images using a map system designed by a contractor. The application allowed Naval AV-8B and F/A-18 aircraft mission planners and aircrew to design and build digital aeronautical chart coverages for cockpit moving-map displays.

The program was a DOS-based application with a crude GUI. The software was extremely "buggy" and areas of coverage in the Polar Regions, e.g. areas above and below 50.0 latitude, could not be designed at all due to software problems. There were also limitations in the methods users had to define map coverages. They were given a base

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map and allowed to define areas of coverage with rectangles via stretch box implementations. This was not adequate for selecting areas along a diagonal line.

To correct these problems, NRLSSC began developing standalone programs to supplement the map design software. Eventually NRLSSC combined these standalone applications into a user-friendly graphical interface program called MMC that enabled users to define available coverage using polygons. For this innovation, NRLSSC obtained a patent [6]. Because of a great demand for the MMC program, NRLSSC began looking for ways to port MMC to other architectures. NRLSSC solved this problem by going to a client/server type architecture using Java. This paper is a result of that effort.

- 3. GUI Changes. The client side of the new architecture is implemented either as a Java GUI application, a browser applet, or a command line program that will run remotely on any Java capable workstation. To obtain the Java GUI, the existing X-Windows GUI was converted to Java. The methods used to accomplish this task are discussed in a companion paper entitled "The Design and Development of an Internet-based Graphical User Interface Using a Commercial Design Tool in Java" [9].
- 4. Low-level C Library Changes. The existing MMC low-level C code is robust and well tested. In order to minimize modifications to the software so as not to introduce new bugs, a few key changes were made. One main modification dealt with file naming conventions. Fortunately, the existing C code did not have pathnames "hard-coded", but rather logical names were used. These logicals were defined in an ASCII configuration file. This was done initially so different directories and devices could be substituted in without having to recompile the code. Table 4.1 shows the current logical definitions listed in the configuration file for OpenVMS and the C system calls to define them. Sections for Windows and Unix were added and are shown in Table 4.2 and Table 4.3, respectively.

CONFIGURATION FILE (OpenVMS Section)

VMS	
MPS_HD_FILES	DKA100:[mmc.mps.]
AOD_HD_FILES	DKA100:[mmc.aods.]
(Etc)	(Etc)
System ("DEFINE/NOL	OG/JOB/TRANS=CONCEAL MPS_HD_FILES DKA100:[mmc.mps.]");

Table 4.1

CONFIGURATION FILE (Windows NT Section)

WINNT	
MPS_HD_FILES	J:\mps\
AOD_HD_FILES	J:\aods\
(Etc)	(Etc)

Table 4.2

CONFIGURATION FILE (UNIX Section)

UNIX	
MPS_HD_FILES	/mmc/mps/
AOD_HD_FILES	/mmc/mps/
(Etc)	(Etc)
setenv (MPS_HD_FILE	S, /mmc/mps, TRUE);

Table 4.3

Once the logicals are defined, the low-level C code is modified and path and filenames are replaced with function calls. These functions will create names appropriately depending on the operating system being used. This avoids the use of compiler directives like #ifdef and #endif that can clutter up the code and make for poor readability. Listed below is the sequence of calls to create a pathname. Table 4.4 shows the results for each operating system.

```
(4.1) multidir_init ("MPS_HD_FILES");
(4.2) multidir_send ("odi");
(4.3) multidir_send ("images");
(4.4) multidir_file ("images.mps");
```

strcpy (path, multidir_ret());

	OpenVMS Results	WinNT Results	UNIX Results
4.6	MPS_HD_FILES:[000000	%MPS_HD_FILES%\	\$MPS_HD_FILES/
4.7	MPS_HD_FILES:[000000.odi	%MPS_HD_FILES%\odi\	\$MPS_HD_FILES/odi/
4.8	MPS_HD_FILES:[000000.odi.images	%MPS_HD_FILES%\odi\images\	\$MPS_HD_FILES/odi/images/
4.9	MPS_HD_FILES:[000000.odi.images]img.mps	%MPS_HD_FILES%\odi\images\img.mps	\$MPS_HD_FILES/images/img.mps

Table 4.4

(4.5)

Another area in which the software had to be modified was where "find file" operations occurred. Table 4.5 shows the original function calls to find files. Table 4.5 show the system calls for each operating system that are embedded inside the functions for each operating system.

```
find_context = findfile_init (path);
while ((filename=findfile_ret (find_context, FALSE) != NULL)
{
     /* Do something here */
     free (filename);
}
findfile_end (find_context);
```

Table 4.5

WINNT	UNIX	OPENVMS
_findfirst	opendir	lib\$find_file
_findnext	readdir	lib\$find_file_end

Table 4.6

- 5. Java Server/C Interface. The functionality of the new MMC will rely heavily on the ability to use both Java code for the client side, and the low-level C code on the server side. This interface between the Java code and the C code is implemented through the Java Native Interface (JNI). The Java Development Kit (JDK) requires a three-step process to produce an interface between Java and any other native code.
 - 1. Generate a C stub for a function that translates between the Java call and the actual C function. The stub does this translation by taking information off the Java stack and passing it to the compiled C function.

- 2. Create a special shared library and export the stub from it.
- 3. Use a special Java method, called System.LoadLibrary to tell the Java run time to load the library from step 2.

In order to simplify the interface between languages, any necessary interaction has been funneled through a single Java class and a single C function. Table 5.1 shows the C function and Table 5.2 shows the Java class definition. This class receives a query from the Java application, and passes that query, along with other pertinent information, to the C function, which then calls any other necessary C functions. By filtering all client-server communication through this simple interface, the "Three Tier Architecture" concept is preserved.

Table 5.1

```
public class ThreadedEchoServer
{
    public static int counter=0;

    public native static int runMMC(String command, int i);
    static
    {
        System.loadLibrary("ntsrc"); /* Loads the dll produced from the C code */
    }
    .
    .
    .
}
```

Table 5.2

6. Query Language. A mechanism is needed by which the client can request tasks for the server to perform and also receive messages from the server. By using sockets, which allow information to be passed in and out of a Java application, the MMC client can communicate with its server. A set of commands, or language, understood both by the client and the server provides one method to link them together. An ASCII-based language is currently in development capable of forming task-oriented queries. The language listed below is not complete at this time and needs to be extended to include commands sent from the server to the client, including error and informational messages, GUI control changes like button changes and text. Attempts are currently being made to keep the language terminology as consistent, reasonable, complete and sound [2].

Table 6.1 lists examples of commands sent by the client to the server and the resulting action performed by the server. Table 6.2 describes the language thus far in Backus Naur Form (BNF).

CLIENT REQUEST

SERVER ACTION

Connects client.
Changes map scale to 1:500K.
Changes projection to northern polar.
Builds GIF file with world vector shoreline and boundaries.
Creates a file containing template names on the hard drive.
Changes the zoom factor to 5 and the center lat/long.
Builds GIF file containing the "spain" template.
Disconnects client.

Table 6.1

QUERY LANGUAGE DESCRIPTION

QUERT EAROUNDE DESCRIPTION
syntax ::= { query }
query ::= <execute_statement> <build_statement></build_statement></execute_statement>
execute_statement ::= "execute" <space> <execute_modifiers></execute_modifiers></space>
execute_modifiers ::= "connect" "modify" <space> <modify_what> "logout"</modify_what></space>
modify_what ::= <scale_expression> <pre></pre></scale_expression>
zoom_expression ::= "zoom[" <zoom_attributes> "]"</zoom_attributes>
zoom_attributes ::= "value=" <zoom_value> { ",center=" <latitude> "," <longitude> }</longitude></latitude></zoom_value>
zoom_value ::= 0 <integer> -<integer></integer></integer>
scale_expression ::= "scale[" <scale_attributes>"]"</scale_attributes>
scale_attributes ::= "value=" <scales></scales>
projection_expression ::= "projection [" <projection_attributes>"]"</projection_attributes>
projection_attributes ::= "value=" <projections></projections>
build_statement ::= "build" <space> <build_modifiers></build_modifiers></space>
build_modifiers ::= <picture_statement> <file_statement></file_statement></picture_statement>
file_statement ::= "file" { "[" <filetype> "]" } <space> {<contents>}</contents></space></filetype>
picture_statement ::= "picture" { "[" <filetype>{","<size>}"]" } <space> {<contents>}</contents></space></size></filetype>
contents ::= { "wvs" } { <space>"bounds"}{<space>"template_statement"}</space></space>
template_statement ::= "template[" <template_attributes>"]"</template_attributes>
template_attributes ::= "[" <location_statement> {","<template_type_statement>} {","<name_statement>} {","<id_statement>}"]"</id_statement></name_statement></template_type_statement></location_statement>
location_statement ::= "location=" <location_type></location_type>
template_type_statement :: = "type=" <template_type></template_type>
name_statement ::= "name=" <name_type></name_type>
id_statement ::= "id= <id_type></id_type>
filetype ::= "type=" <filetype_modifier></filetype_modifier>
filetype_modifier ::= <graphics_format> "ascii" "binary"</graphics_format>
size ::= "size=" <integer>","<integer></integer></integer>
scales ::= "50000" "100000" "250000" "500000" "1000000" "2000000"
projections ::= "SP" "Mercator" "NP"
latitude ::= -90.0 – 90.0
longitude ::= -180.0 - 180.0
location_type ::= "hd" "cdrom"
template_type ::= "working" "final"
graphics_format ::= "gif" "tiff" "jpeg"
name_type ::= any valid id string "all"
id_type ::= any valid id "all"
integer ::= any positive integer
space ::= " "
T-11. (2)

Table 6.2

7. Summary. Several details of porting an existing software package written in C and X-Windows to many different operating systems and ultimately the Internet are discussed. Specific examples including path, filenaming and system calls for finding files are given. Code examples are listed with the goal in mind of keeping modifications to a minimum and avoiding major rewrites of the software, which might introduce new software "bugs". Finally, the client/server architecture is also discussed, and a query language developed to allow the client and server to communicate.

Although this process was for the most part unproblematic for NRLSSC, much success can be attributed to sound software engineering techniques used in the original MMC program design. The initial choice to separate the GUI from the low-level C code, and the use of logical names, instead of "hard-coding" pathnames, aided in the smooth transition to a multi-platform Internet-based application.

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